RESIDENTIAL AND SMALL NON RESIDENTIAL STANDARD OFFER SERVICE CONSUMER INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

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This fact sheet provides consumer information about the power sources and air emissions of service provided by this electricity supplier.

Power Sources

(2014 Projections_t)

This supplier provided electricity with the following resources:

FUEL	FairPoint Energy Green FUEL %	New England FUEL%
Biomass	2.06%	2.06%
Biodiesel1	0.00%	0.00%
Coal	4.87%	4.87%
Diesel	1.06%	1.06%
Digester gas	0.03%	0.03%
Efficient Resource (Maine)	0.54%	0.54%
Energy Storage	0.00%	0.00%
Fuel Cell	0.18%	0.18%
Geothermal	0.00%	0.00%
Hydroelectric/Hydropower	6.79%	6.79%
Hydrokinetic	0.03%	0.03%
Jet	0.03%	0.03%
Landfill gas	0.58%	0.58%
Municipal solid waste	1.18%	1.18%
Natural Gas	36.39%	36.39%
Nuclear	32.87%	32.87%
Oil	7.15%	7.15%
Solar Photovoltaic	0.69%	0.69%
Solar Thermal	0.00%	0.00%
Trash-to-energy	2.09%	2.09%
Wind	1.80%	1.80%
Wood	1.67%	1.67%

Air Emissions

(2014 Projections_t)

This table compares air emissions from this supplier's electricity mix to average emission levels from all New England power sources

	Supplier's Mix (lbs/MWh)	New England Mix (lbs/MWh)
Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	3311.40	3311.40
Nitrogen Oxide (NOx)	2.99	2.99
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)	2.84	2.84
Notes: Ib/MWh = point 1 Megawatte	ounds per Megaw -hour = 1,000 kilo	

Additional Information and Required Notes:

sources used by the provider to serve their New Hampshire customers' load.

†FairPoint's 2014 Projections are based upon the actual ISO-NE data for power sources and air emissions from January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014.
*FAIRPOINT ENERGY GREEN RENEWABLE ENERGY CONTENT— FairPoint purchases Renewable Energy Credits from wind sources, equivalent to 100% of the electricity load used by our customers. For more information on environmental impact, please visit fairpointenergy.com.

POWER SOURCES — New Hampshire law requires retail electricity providers to periodically provide information to their customers on the mix of power

EMISSIONS — <u>Carbon Dioxide (CO2)</u> is released when certain fuels are burned. It is considered a greenhouse gas and a major contributor to global warming. <u>Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)</u> form when certain fuels are burned at high temperatures. They are considered contributors to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog). <u>Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)</u> is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned. Major health effects associated with SO2 include asthma, respiratory illness and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. The production of electricity can produce other harmful emissions and have other environmental impacts. Environmental impacts differ among individual power plants.

If you have questions or need further explanation, please call, FairPoint Energy at 1-866-842-1084 or the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, toll-free, at 1-800-852-3793. Additional information can also be found at http://www.puc.nh.gov/.